

RESOLUTION OF THE  
WHITE MOUNTAIN APACHE TRIBE OF THE  
FORT APACHE INDIAN RESERVATION

WHEREAS, the University of Arizona is desirous of conducting a study to assess the effects of applying salt to basalt derived soils as a means of increasing runoff, and

WHEREAS, most of the range lands on the eastern portion of the Fort Apache Indian Reservation are found on basalt derived soils, and

WHEREAS, knowledge of any method which may increase runoff from such soils and thereby improve range water conditions would be of direct interest and benefit to White Mountain Apache livestock operations, and

WHEREAS, the White Mountain Apache Tribe has a long history of (interest-concern) and cooperation in scientific studies and applied technology in watershed management, and

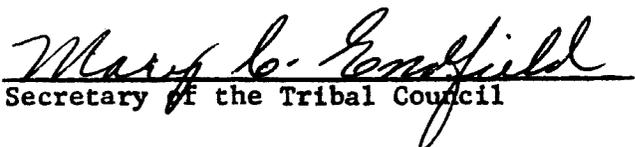
WHEREAS, an excellent area has been found on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation to conduct a study on the effects of salt application on runoff from basalt derived soils.

BE IT RESOLVED that the Tribal Council is in favor of entering into a cooperative agreement with the University of Arizona to conduct such a study on the reservation.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the proposed agreement, which is attached and made a part of this Resolution, is approved by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe.

The foregoing resolution was on November 14, 1967 duly adopted by a vote of 8 for and 0 against by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe, pursuant to authority vested in it by Article V, Section 1 (i) of the Amended Constitution and By-Laws of the Tribe, ratified by the Tribe June 27, 1958 and approved by the Secretary of the Interior on May 29, 1958, pursuant to Section 16 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984).

  
Acting Chairman of the Tribal Council

  
Secretary of the Tribal Council

Executed to Order at the Tribal Council Office

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